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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/073,664	02/11/2002	Lorin C. Nash	19789-10	4604	
24256 73	590 05/12/2003				
DINSMORE & SHOHL, LLP 1900 CHEMED CENTER 255 EAST FIFTH STREET			EXAMINER		
			LE, HOA VAN		
CINCINNATI,	OH 45202		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1752		
			DATE MAILED: 05/12/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	\bigcirc	Applicant(s)	ι			
		10/073,664		NASH ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Hoa V. Le		1752				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	p ars on the cover sh	n t with the c	orrespondence add	iress			
THE - External after - If the - If NC - Failur - Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repropersion of the provision of the provision of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for the provision of the provis	136(a). In no event, however by within the statutory minimul will apply and will expire SIX ie. cause the application to be	, may a reply be tim m of thirty (30) days (6) MONTHS from come ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	mmunication.			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05	<i>May 2003</i> .						
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-fina	l.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	vance except for form r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 19	nal matters, pr 935 C.D. 11, 4	rosecution as to th 153 O.G. 213.	e merits is			
•	ion of Claims							
7—	Claim(s) <u>1-62</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>17-62</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
•								
·	Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.							
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
•	Claim(s) <u>1-62</u> are subject to restriction and/or	election requiremen	t.					
• •	ion Papers The energification is objected to by the Evamin	or						
	The specification is objected to by the Examin The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ acco		to by the Exa	miner				
الــا(١٥	Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on				er.			
,	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re			•				
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E							
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35 U	J.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
•	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
,	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	nts have been receive	ed.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pricapplication from the International B			ed in this National	Stage			
	See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	•						
14)⊠ <i>A</i>	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	tic priority under 35 l	J.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional	application).			
) \square The translation of the foreign language pi Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes							
Attachmen	t(s)							
2) Notice	te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 No		y (PTO-413) Paper No(Patent Application (PT				



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This is in response to the Election filed on 05 May 2003.

- I. Applicants elect (1) an aqueous color developing solution and (2) thickening additive with traverse being acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground that "it is not necessary for examination of the present claims to require species election. Each of species election requirements has each own major search class which would be properly restricted out if each of them is presented in a separate and independent claim. An additional search is burdensome.
- II. Applicants' prior art submissions filed on 11 June 2002 and 14 February 2003 have been considered.
- III. Applicants' election of the species on the record has been considered and searched. The consideration and search are extended to the applied species in the applied references. Other non-elected species have not been considered, searched or examined until all of the elected and applied species are overcome.
- IV. (1) It is allowed to claim by a functional, characteristic, physical and/or chemical property of a material and /or process (In re Swinehart, 169 USPQ 226). (2) However, a claimed functional, characteristic, physical and/or chemical property of a material and/or process carries with a risk (In re Swinehart, 169 USPQ 228). Therefore, one should be carefully looked into it for his own benefit. Please also see In re Schreiber, 44 USPQ2d 1432 since it is reasonable that



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the Office is not supplied, provided or equipped with a sufficient facility to carry out a test for the functional, characteristic, physical and/or chemical properties as claimed in accordance with the authority stated in In re Best, 195 USPQ 430; Ex parte Maizel, 27 USPQ2d 1662 or Ex parte Phillip, 28 USPQ2d 1302. The language "developing agent", "surfactant", "thickener", surface tension...30 dynes/cm", "viscosity...30,000 cP", "buffered solution...pH...about 8", "activator", "restrainer", "preservative", "antifoggant", "accelerator", "non-Newtonian fluid" or the like is considered as the functional, characteristic, chemical and physical property of a material.

- (2) Within the authority of the Office being granted by the authority in the court of law, applicant is required to show or provide an evidence to the contrary to the applied material and process from the applied reference for the claimed property of the material and process as claimed for its patentability in accordance with the authority stated in In re Swinehart, 169 USPQ 228. It is should be noted that an argument alone (1) would be taken a place of an objective evidence as a matter of law (2) has and (3) is given a little to no value.
- V. (A) The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

Claims 1-16 with respect to the elected species and applied are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hilton et al (3,615,496).

Hilton et al disclose, teach, suggest, demonstrate and reduce to practice with an aqueous silver halide color developing solution comprising a color developing agent as elected and a thickening agent as elected. Please see the whole disclosure of the applied reference, especially at the Examples. Since Hilton et al disclose, teach, suggest, demonstrate and reduce to practice



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with the claimed invention using the elected species, the above applied claims are found to be anticipated by Hilton et al.

- (B) The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-16 with respect to the elected and applied species are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hilton et al (3,615,496).

The basic for the rejection is essentially the same as that in paragraph "V. (A)" above with an addition that compounds are not used in the Examples but disclosed, taught and suggested in Hilton et al at col.45 to 3:36 are found to be obvious variants and conventional additives in the photographic art as disclosed, taught and suggested by Hilton et al. Applicants should show or provide an evidence to the contrary

VI. (A) The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

Claims 1-16 with respect to the elected species and applied are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hashimoto et al (5,891,608).

Hashimoto et al disclose, teach, suggest, demonstrate and reduce to practice with an aqueous silver halide color developing solution comprising a color developing agent as elected





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and a thickening agent as elected. Please see the whole disclosure of the applied reference, especially at the Examples. Since Hashimoto et al disclose, teach, suggest, demonstrate and reduce to practice with the claimed invention using the elected species, the above applied claims are found to be anticipated by Hashimoto et al.

- (B) The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-16 with respect to the elected and applied species are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hashimoto et al (5,89,608).

The basic for the rejection is essentially the same as that in paragraph "VI. (A)" above with an addition that compounds are not used in the Examples but disclosed, taught and suggested in Hashimoto et al at col.2:46-51, 3:29 to 17:50, 18:23-32, 11:5-10, 19:15 to 22:35 and 66 to 25:24 are found to be obvious variants and conventional additives in the photographic art as disclosed, taught and suggested by Hashimoto et al. Applicants should show or provide an evidence to the contrary

- VII. Kokeguchi et al (6,555,300) is cited to show the state of the art,
- IX. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hoa V. Le whose telephone number is 703-308-2295. The



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examiner can normally be reached on 6:30AM-5:00PM, M-TH.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Janet Baxter can be reached on 703-308-2303. The fax phone number of the examiner is 703-746-7172..

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

Hoa V. Le Primary Examiner Art Unit 1752

HVL 09 May 2003

HOA VAN LE PRIMARY EXAMINER

Hoa Van Le